

Rock Island Daily Argus.

VOL. XLI NO. 229.

ROCK ISLAND, SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1893.

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Per Week 13 1/2 Cents

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The London
CLOTHIERS & HATTERS

Blue Front.

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Want you to take a look at our Suits
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We hav'nt said a word about Summer Coats,
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In Bedroom Suits.

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the best bargain that was ever offered in the
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and all kinds of wood work for outside.
Eleventh St. bet. Third and Fourth aves.
ROCK ISLAND.

PERJURED LIARS

And Self-Confessed Are Gallagher And Davidson.

THEY SWORE DEMPSEY INTO PRISON

For the Alleged Homestead Poisoning, and Now Come Forward and Own That They Are Blackhearted Villains, but They Lay It to the Pinkertons—A Chance to See Whether Justice Is On Duty in This Country—The Confession.

PITTSBURG, July 15.—Patrick J. Gallagher and J. M. Davidson, who are serving terms in the western penitentiary for self-confessed complicity in the alleged poisoning of the non-union workmen in the Homestead mill, have made another confession, in which they say they were paid to swear away the liberty of Hugh F. Dempsey and Robert J. Beatty, both of whom they now assert were innocent of the crime of which they were convicted. They further state that so far as they know there was no poison administered to the men in the Homestead mill. Gallagher's confession is written by himself and sworn to before Squire S. D. White, of Haysville. Davidson's was given verbally in the presence of witnesses. Attorney Porter, one of Dempsey's attorneys, six weeks ago received a letter from Gallagher asking him to call at the penitentiary.

One Perjuror Corroborates Another. Mr. Porter called and in the presence of Warden Wright and Squire White Gallagher and Davidson told their stories. Gallagher said that the secret was killing him. He had prepared the confession and read it to the gentlemen present and then made affidavit to it. Davidson's statements were simply a corroboration of Gallagher's. Mr. Porter gave out the substance of the confession, suppressing only the names of the men whom Gallagher says were in the plot to send Dempsey to prison. Mr. Porter read Gallagher's confession as follows, showing the reporter that the paper was properly signed and attested:

Charges Against the Pinkertons. "Dempsey and Beatty are entirely innocent. I never got any powder or poison from them, and I never administered any in the mill. I was told by Pinkerton detectives who arrested me that if I did not do as they wanted me to do they would indict me for murder and have me hanged. They got me drunk and prepared a confession for me. I was kept supplied with money and whisky for days, while a detective shadowed me all the time. I was told that if I attempted to get away I would be shot. After the story got into the newspapers I was given a revolver and was told that I would be justified in shooting any one who molested me.

Why They Wanted Dempsey. "They told me they were after Dempsey because he was at the head of the Knights of Labor and that organization was no good and ought to be broken up. They said that if I would testify against Dempsey and Beatty they would not push the murder charge against me and that I would go free. At the meet, I would get only sixty days, to satisfy the public. They continually cautioned me not to get mixed in my story, but to swear to what they said and stick to it. They made me rehearse the story frequently. There were other witnesses who were to take their cue from me and make their stories corroborate mine.

Everybody Veracious but Gallagher. "What Dempsey swore to was true. He hired us to make reports of the number of men in the mills. That \$25 I got from him was borrowed money, and was used to prevent my furniture being taken from me. E. W. Robinson, the prisoner in jail who testified that I told him Dempsey was innocent and that this was a put up job told the truth. I did tell him that. I was kept supplied with money, provisions and clothes while I was in jail the same as when I was out. They kept continually telling me to swear this case through and stick to it so they could not get out of it as in the Critchlow case. If they got this case through they said that would settle the Homestead people. I was told they had twenty witnesses to bolster up my story. They had me so badly frightened and kept me drunk so long that I did not know whether I was living or dead half the time."

CORROBORATED BY OTHERS.

Porter Satisfied that the Whole Thing Was a Detective Plot.

Davidson's statement is about the same as Gallagher's. Besides these Mr. Porter has the affidavit of a person who swears that a certain detective in the affiant's presence told Gallagher why he wanted to strike a blow at the Knights of Labor. The detective also said that the only way to do it was to swear Dempsey was guilty and stick to it to the end. If he did not swear this the detective said he would have Gallagher indicted for murder. Similar corroborations of the confessions of the convicts is given by nearly a dozen witnesses whose affidavits Mr. Porter has in his possession.

It will also be shown where detectives tried to get others to do some swearing in the case and where false testimony, outside of Gallagher and Davidson, was given at the trial. Mr. Porter said: "I do not want any unjust suspicion to be attached to any one. This work was done entirely by Pinkerton detectives, probably because they wanted to get even for their defeat on July 6, and certainly without any authority." Mr. Porter thinks that because other persons who were connected with the case, according to Gallagher's first confession, were not prosecuted is sufficient and conclusive evidence that the whole thing was a plot against Dempsey.

Continuing Mr. Porter said: "From the first I had been entirely satisfied of Dempsey's innocence, and more, that there was never any poison administered in the



HUGH DEMPSEY.

Homestead mill. This is the unfortunate result of reputable people of Allegheny county importing thieves and convicts from Chicago and other places, and using them as detectives. I have no doubt but that when we establish the truth of what we now know to be true, the pardon of Hugh F. Dempsey and Robert J. Beatty will meet with hearty approval.

"The district attorney, together with the attorneys for Dempsey and Beatty, will have Gallagher and Davidson repeat their confessions, while the district attorney will cross-examine them. Then if they stick to the statements already made, we will be prepared and an appeal to the board of pardons will be made at the earliest possible day. This done, attention will then be given to the several persons instrumental in depriving Dempsey and Beatty of their liberty."

THE WAY ALLISON EXPLAINS IT. Iowa's Senator on the Sherman Law and Silver Money.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 15.—Senator William B. Allison was in the city, the guest of Senator W. D. Washburn. Senator Allison was asked what in his opinion was the relation of the Sherman law to the present financial situation. He replied: "The unrest is chargeable partly and very largely to the fact that there is a belief that if we continue to purchase silver we must soon reach the silver standard. That belief existing, it is no longer useful or wise to continue these purchases. Expansion of credit, distrust of the Democrats as respects the tariff and the general subject of the currency all contribute to the trouble we are having."

"If we cease the purchase of silver we can easily maintain at par in gold all the silver we have, and the fear of a silver standard will pass away. Such stoppage will very greatly aid in the restoration of confidence, which is the important thing. We are amply supplied with gold for every purpose."

Being asked what in his opinion was the future of silver the senator replied: "Silver bullion is now far below its normal price. It will advance as soon as the policy regarding its use is more clearly defined. That it will be used as money largely in the future and that it will eventually be restored to its old status I do not doubt."

"Meanwhile it will not be likely to depreciate more. When the law was passed it was thought important to add to the circulating money each month to provide for the expansion of business. The law had that effect until recently. Now, however, instead of enlarging the volume of the currency these purchases cause the hoarding of gold and greenbacks and thereby contract the volume of money. So the useful purpose intended no longer existing, it is probable it will be repealed."

BIG ASSIGNMENT AT DENVER.

Ex-Governor Tabor and Others in Financial Deep Water.

DENVER, July 15.—William H. Bush and N. M. Tabor, proprietors of the Brown Palace hotel and the Hotel Metropole, have made an assignment of all their interests as follows: William H. Bush, personal assets \$559,427, liabilities \$109,138; N. M. Tabor, personal assignment, assets \$541,400, liabilities \$195,000; Brown Palace Hotel company, assets \$531,062, liabilities \$241,500; Hotel Metropole company, assets \$139,000, liabilities \$44,000—all made to Frank C. Young.

Tabor, Pierce & Co. assigned to C. C. Taylor; assets, \$160,000; liabilities, \$50,000. Losses attending the running of the Hotel Metropole and inability to secure cash is the cause of the assignment. The hotel buildings are now owned by Bush and Tabor. Assets consist of real estate stocks in various corporations and hotel furnishings.

HANSBROUGH'S VIEWS ON SILVER.

He Presents a Brand New Plan for Bimetallism.

DEVIL'S LAKE, N. D., July 15.—Senator Hansbrough delivered a silver address before the Chautauqua assembly. He explained the difference between free silver, single gold standard and limited coinage. He advocated bimetallism, the coinage of either metal to be limited in proportion to production, the ratio to be regulated from time to time as the relative rate of production demands, congress to be judge of time and rate. He advocated the issue of silver certificates redeemable in silver and the extension of legal tender power to \$1,000, but not unlimited legal tender power.

Eulalia's Present to Horace Porter.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Two days before the Princess Eulalia left the city for her visit to Chicago, Senator Jovier y Torar, the private secretary of Prince Antonio, waited upon General Horace Porter at his home and presented to him in the name of Prince Antonio and Princess Eulalia a sabre of the finest workmanship, in appreciation of the kindness of General Porter during the visit of the royal visitors. The sabre was made at the government works at Toledo, Spain, and the blade is so pliable that it can be bent almost into a circle.

Has Suspended Twenty-five Hundred.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—It is learned at the pension office that 2,500 pensioners have been suspended up to date under Secretary Hoke Smith's recent ruling requiring beneficiaries of the act of June 27, 1890, to prove total disability where they are drawing pensions of \$12 per month. The suspensions are not confined to any particular locality, but are well distributed throughout the country.

They Have Famine in China.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Files of the North China Herald received by the latest mail contain accounts of the great famine in Shansi, from which it appears that in Tkuhiana and Snyuan circuits alone 425,000 people have been receiving relief from the government. The famine was caused by excessive rains in some sections and a great drought in others.

Ives and Roberts to Play Again.

LONDON, July 15.—Frank C. Ives, the American billiard champion, and John Roberts, Jr., the English champion, have signed articles for another billiard match. They will play in Chicago next September. The conditions are the same as on the former match, with a two-inch balkline and corner and jammed-ball plays barred.

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

The fact that the wife of Emanuel Trubbe, a prosperous farmer living near Dayton, O., died and her death was followed within two years by the deaths of three of her children while the two survivors are very ill, has caused people in that vicinity to investigate.

The Nebraska Savings bank, at Lincoln, Neb., has closed its doors. The bank owes \$48,000 to other banks and \$61,000 to depositors.

Richard M. Olcott, doing business as Olcott & Co., grain exporter at New York, has failed with liabilities of between \$100,000 and \$150,000.

The National Retail Clerks' union has just closed its annual session at Nashville, Tenn. The officers elected are: Frank P. Fitzwilliams, Nashville, president; Weldon Webster, Logansport, Ind., first vice president; E. S. Mallory, Cleveland, national secretary.

President Van Horne and several local agents of the Canadian Pacific railroad have been indicted by the federal grand jury at Tacoma. The charge against them is violating the interstate commerce law.

Paris has a new sensation. M. Buloz, editor of the Revue des Deux Mondes, has fled to escape the persecutions of blackmailers, who are said to have bled him for 15,500,000 francs during the last three or four years.

The schedules of the Northern Pacific Elevator company at St. Paul show \$1,099,000 assets and \$1,791,868 debts.

Obituary: At Darwin, Ill., James McCormick, a veteran of Tippecanoe, aged 110. At Rome, Father Nicholas Mauren, head of the Redemptionist order.

Ex-Minister Patrick Egan has sailed from Valparaiso for the United States.

Samuel Woolner has yielded up his distillery at Peoria, and the war in the whisky combine is for the present at an end.

Vice President Stevenson and party have arrived at Los Angeles. They visited San Bernardino and Riverside.

The interstate commerce commission has declared that celery is a vegetable and not a fruit.

More people are killed in the United States by an ordinary cyclone than in a Central American revolution or a week of French rioting.

General Basil W. Duke has assumed charge of Fetter's Southern Magazine at Louisville, Ky.

Julia Michel and C. F. Cistaire, wounded in the wreck at Newburg, N. Y., have died of their injuries.

In the misunderstanding at the bar in the river below Bangkok between the French and Siamese the latter lost twenty killed.

A Tramp Inherits \$50,000.

FITCHBURG, Mass., July 15.—Monday last a tramp who gave his name as Alfred Wilson was arrested for drunkenness. He was fined \$5 Tuesday, and being unable to pay was sent to jail. He has just been informed that he has inherited \$50,000 by the death of his father, a wealthy resident of Blackstone, Mass.

Abandoned the St. Louis Meeting.

DENVER, July 15.—At a meeting of the promoters of the St. Louis silver convention called for July 17, it was decided to abandon that meeting and devote all their energies to the bi-metallic league convention in Chicago and work at Washington.

Fatal Cases of Sunstroke.

CHICAGO, July 15.—Six persons were killed in this city by the sun: Gust Anderson, Christopher Buas, B. Loebel, J. A. Simons, Charles Urchlager and an unidentified man.

Bankers at Carmi Assign.

CAIRN, Ill., July 15.—The old banking house of Hay and Webb has made a general assignment. Assets, \$216,357; liabilities, \$180,000. Hay and Webb have been in business for thirty-five years.

Waite's Voice Still for War.

DENVER, July 15.—Eastern papers have been telegraphing here asking the real import of Governor Waite's incendiary silver speech. In an interview the governor declares that he meant just what he said and will not withdraw a single word.

The Local Markets.

GRAIN, ETC.
Wheat—74 1/2 cts.
Corn—40 cts.
Oats—29 1/2 cts.
Hay—Timothy, \$12.00; upland, \$10.00; slough, \$8.00; baled, \$10.00 per ton.
PRODUCE.
Butter—Fair to choice, 30c; creamery, 30c.
Eggs—Fresh, 14 1/2 cts.
Poultry—Chickens, 13 1/2 cts; turkeys, 15 cts; ducks, 13 1/2 cts; geese, 10c.
FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.
Apples—\$4.00 per bushel.
Potatoes—\$2.00 per bushel.
Onions—\$4.00 per bushel.
Turnips—60c per bushel.
LIVE STOCK.
Cattle—Butchers pay for corn fed steers 42 1/4 cts; cows and heifers, 34 1/2 cts; calves 40 cts.
Hogs—72 1/4 cts.
Sheep—42 cts.

**CLIMAX
BAKING
POWDER
IS ON TOP
BECAUSE**

No other is so **Good**
No other is so **Cheap**
Costs less than Half
and pleases much better
than the over-priced and
over-endorsed kinds.
Judge for yourself.
In Cans. At your Grocer's